

Building a Bridge between National and International Rankings

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Introduction

- Over-fascination by international rankings.
- Global university ranking is a relatively new phenomenon:
 - compared to advanced national rankings (US News & World Report and Perspektywy in Poland), global rankings demonstrate limitations,
 - face dramatic lack of comparable data describing higher education in different countries,
- More comprehensive global rankings are under construction.

National v. global ranking

Global rankings:

- lack of comparable statistics on higher education in different countries,
- feed-back is slow and provides less information.

National rankings:

- rich data available,
- large spectrum of criteria
 (US-News 16; Perspektywy 32),
- provide more precise picture of HEI,
- * HEIs know faster if steps taken contributed to improvement of their position in ranking.

National rankings:

- * US News & World Report prepared by Bob Morse since 1983.
- Perspektywy University Ranking since 2000.
 - "Self educating" rankings that closely follow changes in Higher Education.
 - Use spectrum of criteria reflecting different missions of universities and various aspects of their activities.
 - National rankings are published in over 40 countries.

Category	Perspektywy	value %		ARWU	QS	Taiwan	Webometric	뫮
	Employers' reputation	12,0			10%			
Prestige (25%)	Peer review	11,0			40%			19,5%
	Olympians' preferences	2,0						
	Growth of HEI's faculty	8,0						
	Scientific titles awarded	7,0						
	Scientific potential	7,0						
	Saturation by staff with highest qualifications	4,0		20%				
Scientific strenght (40%)	Rights to award scientific degrees	4,0						
Scientific Strength (4070)	Publications	2,0		20%			15%	4,5%
	Citations	3,0		20%	20%	100%	1370	32,5%
	H-indeks	3,0		10%				
	Doctoral programs	1,0						
	Accreditation	1,0						
	Outside funds for research	2,0						8,5%
Innovation (5%)	Patents and utility models	1,5						
	Participation in EU financed projects	1,5						
	Student access to the teaching staff	6,0			20%			15,00%
	Printed library stock	1,5						
	E-collection	2,0					20%	
Studying Environment	Library facilities	1,5						
(15%)	Individual development possibilities	1,0						
	Cultural opportunities	1,0						
	Facilities for out of town students	1,0						
	Sport achievements	1,0						
	Programs of studies	4,0						
	Students studying in foreign languages	3,0						
	Students' mobility (outbound)	2,5						
1.4	Student's mobility (inbound)	2,5						
Internationalization (15%)	International students	1,0			5%			2%
	Foreign teaching staff	1,0			5%			3%
	Courses in foreign languages	0,5						
	Summer schools	0,5						
	ARWU Nobel Prize	5,0		10%				
	ARWU Professors with Nobel Prize			20%				
	Webometrics: Internet reslources						65%	
	Reputation survey - teaching						,5	15%

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US News & World Report criteria Best Colleges Ranking	USNEWS	ARWU	SÖ	Taiwan	Webometric	뫋
Undergraduate academic reputation	Peer ratings by high school counselors (33%)					
(22,5%)	Peer ratings by college presidents (67%)		40%			15%
Graduation and Freshman retention (20%)	Six-year graduation rate (80%)					
(2070)	Freshman retention rate (20%)					
	Classes fewer then 20 students (30%)					
Faculty resources (20%)	Classes biger then 50 students (10%)					
	Faculty salary (35%) scaled to the living cost					
r doubly resources (20%)	High degree prof. (15%)					6%
	Student/faculty ratio (5%)					4,5%
	Proportion of full time prof. (5%)		20%			
Student selectivity (15%)	High scored tests (50%)					
	Students admitted to applicants ratio (10%)					
	Prop. of best High School graduates (40%)					
Financial resources (10%)	Generous per-student spending (100%)					
Graduation rate performance (7,5%)	Graduates/enrolled ratio in 6 year (100%).					
Alumni giving rate (5%)	Alumni with BA (100%)					
	ARWU Nobel Prize	10%				
	ARWU Professors with Nobel Prize	20%				
	Webometrics: Internet reslources				85%	
	Citation impact	60%	60% 20%		15%	32,5%
	Others	10%	20%	100%		42%



International rankers can:

- 1. Use national rankings to pre-select universities to be considered in international ranking.
- 2. Refere readers of international rankings to relevant national rankings (link to web-page(s) of national rankings).
- 3. Introduce a criterion reflecting institution's position in national ranking (*prestige in country* criterion weight of 1 to 3%).

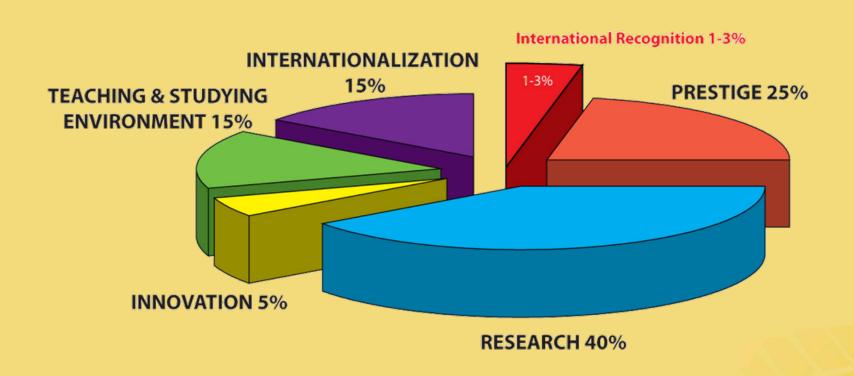


National rankers can:

Introduce a criterion reflecting international prestige or international recognition into national rankings with weight 1-3%.



Poland University Ranking – new criterion





INTERNATIONAL RECOGNITION

(new criterion)

	Ranking		ARWU	THE	QS	Webometrics	Leiden	Taiwan	FT
Un	iversity	result	25%	25%	20%	15%	5%	5%	5%
1	University of Warsaw	100,00	301	252	364	295	430	409	
2	Jagiellonian University	97,27	301	300	304	322	463	343	
3	Wroclaw University of Technology	33,07			6	690	497		
4	Warsaw University of Technology	19,26			501	722	474		
5	University of Lodz	15,01		329		587	496		
6	AGH University of Science and Technology	6,66				752	483		
7	Adam Mickiewicz University	6,35				537			
8	University of Wroclaw	5,96			551	1148			
9	Gdansk University of Technology	4,90	-			1166			
10	Nicolaus Copernicus University	3,75				955	8		
11	University of Silesia	3,60				730			
12	Poznan University of Technology	3,10	6.0			994			
13	Lodz University of Technology	3,07				1201			
14	Maria Curie-Sklodowska University	3,07				1167			
15	University of Gdansk	2,98				1153			
16	Leon Kozminski University	1,35		-					46
17	Warsaw School of Economics	0,88							30



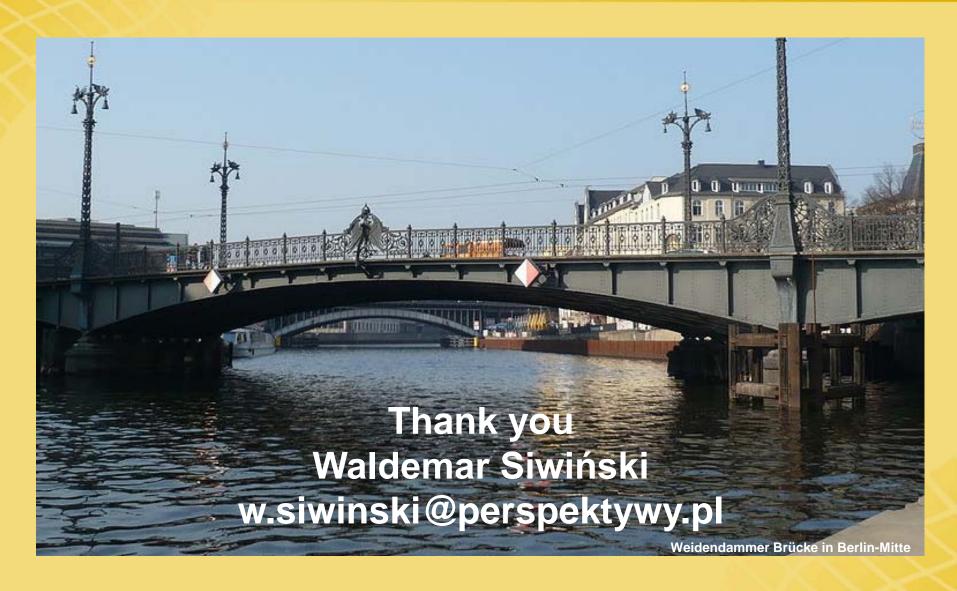
First shots in ranking war...











www.perspektywy.org